

Annex VI
INTERIM NARRATIVE REPORT

**PARIWRTAN (Participation, Inclusion and Wider CSOs' Actions for Responsive
Transparent and Accountable Local governance in Nepal) Project**



Jan to Dec, 2020

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Contents

List of acronyms used in the report	3
1. Description	4
2. Assessment of implementation of Action activities	5
2.1. Executive summary of the Action	5
2.2. Results and Activities	7
A. RESULTS	7
Outcome 1: To empower citizens and their organization to effectively engage with the sub-national Governments in promoting responsiveness, transparency and accountability in the governance process in Province 7 of Nepal	7
OUTPUT	7
Output 1.1.: Increased knowledge and capacity among citizens and CSOs to engage with and hold the LG accountable for improving Governance.	10
Output 1.2.: Needs and interests of citizens especially poor and marginalized citizens (women, dalit, and ethnic groups) reflected in LG policies, plan and programme.	11
Output 1.3: Inclusive and improved service delivery and monitoring mechanism established at LG	12
Output 1.4: Increased interface among LGs and Provincial Government (PG) to support well-coordinated and need based development policies, plans and programme in Province.	13
B. Activities	14
2.3. Logframe matrix updated	19
2.4. Please provide an updated action plan for the further activities of the project	27
3. Beneficiaries/ affiliated entities and other Cooperation	30
4. Visibility	32

List of acronyms used in the report

DCA	:	DanChurchAid
CAP	:	Community Action Plan
CIC	:	Community Information Center
CSO	:	Civil Society Organisation
DCC	:	District Coordination Committee
EDC	:	Equality Development Centre
EU	:	European Union
FG	:	Federal Government
FM	:	Frequency Modulation
FY	:	Fiscal Year
GGs	:	Good Governance School
GO	:	Government Organisation
IEC	:	Information Education and Communication material
INLOGOs	:	Institution of Local Governance Studies
LG	:	Local Government
LGOA	:	Local Government Operation Act
MDO	:	Malika Development Organisation
NGO	:	Non-Governmental Organisation
PFM	:	Public Finance Management
PG	:	Provincial Government
ToR	:	Terms of Reference
ToT	:	Training of Trainer

1. Description

- 1.1 Name of Coordinator of the grant contract: **DanChurchAid**
- 1.2 Name and title of the contact person: **Ms. Samjhana Bista, Programme Funding Coordinator/Officer In Charge**
- 1.3 Name of beneficiary(ies) and affiliated entity(ies) in the Action: **EDC, MDO, INLOGOs (Consortium Partner)**
- 1.4 Title of the Action: **PARIWARTAN (Participation, Inclusion and Wider CSO's Actions for Responsive Transparent and Accountable Local Governance in Nepal)**
- 1.5 Contract number: **EuropeAid/159739/DD/ACT/NP**
- 1.6 Start date and end date of the reporting period: **1 February 2019-31 December 2019**
- 1.7 Target country(ies) or region(s): **Nepal, Doti and Achham of Sudurpachim Province**
- 1.8 Final beneficiaries &/or target groups¹ (if different) (including numbers of women and men):
7,200 citizen (60% marginalized community)
- 1.9 Country(ies) in which the activities take place (if different from 1.7)

¹ "Target groups" are the groups/entities who will be directly positively affected by the project at the project purpose level, and "final beneficiaries" are those who will benefit from the long term at the level of the society or sector at large.

2. Assessment of implementation of Action activities

2.1. Executive summary of the Action

The Constitution of Nepal 2072 BS provides for the implementation of the federal system of government in the country. At present context, the federal government, the provincial government and the local government have been formed and the governance process is being implementing. Not only the citizens but also the local representatives were confused due to the ignorance of the law, lack of information, and lack of policy guidelines at the local level. Even though the changing context of Nepal, the country is drafting and implementing new laws and polices under the constitution of Nepal.

In that situation the citizens had not access to the fundamental rights under the Constitution of Nepal and the services provided by the local government. So EDC Nepal has implemented PARIWARTAN project with financial support of European Union and DCA in three municipalities of Doti district (Joroyal, KI Singh rural municipality and Shikhar Municipality) with the technical support of INLOGOS. The Pariwartan project has been launched for the enabling, empowering to citizens and the increasing their participation in the local governance process in the 3 palikas.

In that context, EDC Nepal has been functioning 36 good governance schools (GGS) in 13 targeted wards of three municipalities of Doti district since 2019 BS. It has been informing the citizens about the constitution of Nepal, the structure of the government's, the role of the local governments, the role of the citizens, women's rights and social accountability.

The GGS have been operated under the coordination of the local governments has 99% women participants where six local representatives' women are also participating. Those women involved in the process of empowerment through GGS have been able to access the government's services, facilities, resources and rights provided by the local government. Through the GGS, 499 out of 1136 members have been able to share in their groups on government's structures, fundamental rights of citizens, the role of LG's, the role of local representatives and participatory planning process.

Based on the discussions with the GGS members, it was found that 7271 citizens of community have been able to receive various public services and facilities from the LGs during the period. Similarly, 132 women from 36 CSOs have been success to leading in the various local level committees and structures.

Especially in formulating the policies, laws and programs of the municipalities, the participation of the citizens in numerical form is still not found. However, citizens have been participating in the planning process of settlement and wards and the formation of consumer committees.

Although the huge participation of citizens was expected in the settlement and ward level planning process to be carried out in the project area this year, but it could not be done in all areas due to Covid 19. However, 297 women and 45 men participated in the ward level planning process in some wards of Joroyal village municipality and Shikhar municipality.

In order to be accountable government, the local government has been announced targeted programs for the past years. In FY 2077/78, all the three municipalities have addressed different programs for the Dalits, youth, women, farmers and persons with disabilities in their policies. For example, "President with Dalits", "Vice President with Women" at KISING, "President with Farmers" and "Vice President Kosheli Program for Women in Joroyal and "One Village at the Peak, One Production Program, etc.

As per the tripartite agreement between Cell App, EDC and the 3 palikas, e-governance system has been handed over to KI Singh, Joroyal RMs and Shikhar municipality. Due to Covid-19, in coordination with DCA, Cell App has handed over e-governance system to all the three palikas through virtual medium. With the financial support of the Pariwartan Project and the three local governments of Doti, the Cell App Company had developed the Smart Palika app, and digital profile of those LGs.

Regarding the community information center (CIC), an agreement process has been started to sign on 15th Jan- 2020, between Shikhar Municipality and EDC to establish community information center to increase the access of citizens to public information. Although an agreement was reached to set up a community information center in March 2020, the outbreak of COVID 19 could not take place at that time due to the high prevalence in the municipality. The materials and equipment required for the community information center has been handed over to Shikhar municipality by EDC and Shikhar municipality had appointment a human recourse as CIC ToR/Agreement.

Prior to the signing of the agreement with Radio Doti FM, the Memorandum of understanding and terms of reference was prepared in coordination with the DCA. Based on these documents, EDC has signed agreement with Radio Doti as mentioned on project document to run the radio magazine, jingle and talk show on 15 Sept, 2020. Unfortunately Radio Doti could not design and broad caste the Radio program, talk show as well as Jingles as agreement due to their internal problems. So management committee of EDC has decided and terminated that agreement with Radio Doti, and selected a new Radio FM that Tribeni through procurement process.

In a year 2, the global pandemic of Covid 19 since March 2020 and the lockdown have rigorously hampered the implementation of programs at the community level. A contingency plan was developed in coordination with the DCA to collaborate with the LGs to make the community aware of the corona infection and to distribute safety materials. Radio programs were conducted for the awareness raising of the community and masks and soaps were distributed in collaboration with the local governments. The women leaders and social mobilizers of this project assisted the local government in conducting the Corona awareness Campaign at the local level, selecting citizens for relief distribution, keeping records of returned migrant's workers and distributing safety materials too.

2.2. Results and Activities

A. RESULTS

Outcome 1: To empower citizens and their organization to effectively engage with the sub-national Governments in promoting responsiveness, transparency and accountability in the governance process in Province 7 of Nepal

It is the natural right of all citizens to be informed about the new constitution, new policies and laws being implemented in the country and the role of the government. But due to the failure to formulate policies and laws in time, not only the citizens but also the local representatives were in a confusion. In the same time, EDC Doti had implemented the Pariwartan project targeting the three municipalities of Doti with financial support of the European Union and DCA.

In order to ensure the right of citizens to know in coordination with the local government and CSOs, 36 GGS had been started since 2019 in the three municipalities. The participants of 36 GGS represented by CSOs have been continuously learning on the current constitution of Nepal, fundamental rights, structure of government, local government and social accountability.

Through GGS, women, dalits and marginalized communities of working areas have been able to raise their voice, demand their rights and influence the implementation of local level policies.

Women in particular have begun to work closely with local governments to planning, implementation, monitoring, and demand resources, mobilize, and to access various public services. 132 Women who have developed capacity from GGS have started leading various consumer committees and sub-committees such as users committees, school's management committee etc.

They have started doing things like going to various meetings, calling the local representatives in the schools to facilitate them about the service facilities, making them commit. In their respective groups, they have been able to explain to each other about the local government's role, duties and rights of the local representatives, etc. and have started raising issues such as women's rights, caste discrimination, child marriage and polygamy.

In year 2020, Swasthya Sahara Mothers Group of Joroyal rural Municipality-2 submitted a proposal in ward and palika's level council meeting and received Rs. 10 lakh (Rs. 800,000 from Palika and 200,000 from Joroyal goun palika to construct a Multi-Purpose Community Building to establish health post and safe space for Dalit women and adolescent girls. Further this also support to break the change of gender stereo types mindset. This is just one symbolic example that many women of GGS members have claim their space in different user group. 31 CAPs was submitted to palikas by 36 CSOs and 7 CSOs implementing approved CAPs.



Under constructing CSO's community building - Joroyal 2

Due to various community level campaigns and social mobilizations' interventions have organized through CSOs to social transformation. There has been a gradual reduction in violence against women and socially harmful practices. Through GGS, women are becoming more organized and aware, and they have started courageous to raise their voice against violence against women and complaints with the local judicial committee and the police.

Gender violence case was increased during the lock down in coverage area. 62 cases were registered in that time. In year 2020, Dropati BK of Joroyal Rural Municipality 2 received different information and

knowledge of rights, entitlement and legal provision from GGS as result she being able to get justice against polygamy and property rights. If we confined with the larger community this might not be first time but if we unpack the community and concentrate in the Dalit community then this is the first time in Dalit Community that women file the case against polygamy and claim for the property rights. Definitely this will obviously bring the systematic change in the community (Dalit) as this story was shared in the GGS and other women are support the step that Dropati was taken. This build the confidence of women and make them realize that women are also the human being and should be equally treated.



Destroying Chaugoth by women activists

Likewise, Mandhari BK along with other 6 GGS members did a campaign against Chaupadi custom in Joroyal RM 2, Melkhola that brings a transformative change in the community where 60 out of 85 HHs stop practicing chaupadi custom and remain at home during menstruation. There is lots of Chaupadi Campaign going on in the Far west Region (Sudur pachim Province) and Provincial and Local government taking initiation to eradicate

such practice but the result is not satisfactory as this is very much deep rooted religious believes. Realizing by the community women and take a self-initiation after joining the GGS class is the first case. Changing the people's mindset is not the easy task. As 60 out of 80 HHs stop practicing the Chaupadi Custom closer towards the systematic change. Likewise, CSOs member of Pragatishil Mahila Adhikar Manch Joroyal RM, Pārbati Saud being the action against his husband in GBV case registered in police station after discussing on GGS and their support.

Women, dalits and marginalized citizens have started claiming the public services and facilities provided by the local government. Marginalized, women and dalits, especially those who have acquired knowledge through GGS are increasing their access to government's services such as citizenship registration, birth registration and social security allowances.

This year 2020, 7271 citizens of community have benefited from the services provided by the local government. Out of 7271, 237 persons have received vital registration, 95 persons have obtained citizenship, while a total of 6298 persons including children, single women and senior citizens of the community have received social security allowance 641 Dalit, women have received relief materials.

In order to strengthen the good governance mechanism of the local government and promote effective social justice system, transparency and accountability, electronic profiles of all the three municipalities and in collaboration with this project, a Smart Municipality App has been developed and handed over. A community information center has been set up in Shikhar Municipality to increase the access of citizens to local government information. It is necessary to develop the capacity of all the people's representatives and employees of the municipality regarding the electronic good governance system and information center.

In 2020, Covid 19 did not provide an opportunity to work effectively at the community level as planned. However, the project has been of great help in empowering women to apply the knowledge they have learned over the years. The results of the changes seen at the community level in support of the project are as follows.

- 36 CSOs are actively working in project areas where as 1126 (99% women) are participating on Good governance Schools (GGS). GGS focused to women empowering on their Rights, responsibility and dignity along with provision of government's laws and policies as well as social accountability and representative's roles and responsibility.

- GSS participants enrolled in the vital registration and increased access to services and resources;
 - ✓ 95 citizen (10 male and 85 women) from GGS have received a citizenship certificate during a year and registered the birth of their 163 child (62 boys and 101 Girls),
 - ✓ 57 couples have registered their marriage while 17th deaths have been registered;
 - ✓ 764 single women (381 Dalit, have have received a social security allowance;
 - ✓ 2354 children have received nutrition allowances.
 - ✓ 3115 senior citizen and 65 disabled have received allowances from LGs
- CSOs women have able to get recourse and public services- social security funds, recommendations, vital registrations as well as relief package too.
- 132 women from 36 CSOs (Dalit 43, Janjati 6) who are leadership and participating on decision making process in different kinds of local level user committees. Such as 13 women are leading in forest user groups, 4 women are in School management committees, and 51 women are leading in various constructions user committees.
- 7 CSOs members (WRF KISING-4, WRF Shikhar-3, Durga Aama samuha Joraya-4) form 3 palikas have mobilized 25 lakh form the LGs' support for the CAP implementation at community level. Last year (2019) there were 3 CSOS have received Rs. 10 Lakh from the LGs.

Table 1: Status of CSOs receiving fund from Palika

S N	Name of CSOs	District	Palika	Ward	Activity	Total Amount	
						NPR	EURO
1	Shahar Swasthey Aama Samuha	Doti	Joroyal	2	Community Health building	10,00,000.00	
2	Kedar Aama Samuha		Joroyal	4	Community Building	200,000.00	
3	Pargatishil Nagrik Sachetana Kendra		Joroyal	2	Birthing centre	200,000.00	
4	WFR		Shikhar	4	Maintenance of WFR building	200,000.00	
5	Nagarik Sachtana Kendra		KISING	7	Drinking water	200,000.00	
6	Chamkilo GGS		Shikhar	3	Temple construction	500,000.00	
7	WRF		Shikhar	4	WRF office reconstruction	200,000.00	
Total						25,00000.00	

- We have expected more people's participants will be rooted in the planning, law, policy and program making process. Unfortunately it could not be possible due to the pandemic covid 19. Besides of the laws and policy making process, there were 342 (297 female and 45 male) people have been participated actively in Joroyal and 2 wards of Shikhar at the settlement planning process. Apart from joroyal and two wards of Shikhar they didn't conduct settlement planning in that pandemic situation.
The following Actions/interventions were taken to achieve all of the above results under the project.
- Orientation through Good Governance School on different informative topic such as rights and entitlements, legal provision, Gender Based Violence etc.
- Sensitization campaigns - 16 days campaigns, Quiz companions, Rally and Interaction on GBV.
- Experience sharing among the CSOS/GGS
- GGS Support (Agency building)

- Develop curriculum for conduction GGS on federal structure, constitution, fundamental rights, the work of local government, and the role of people's representatives.
- Advocacy and Leadership development training
- Coordination meeting and cooperation with local government
- Support to formulation and implementation of gender sensitive policies, laws, directives and plans and programs
- CAP Formulation Workshop, Group Orientation, CAP Construction and Discussion under CAP Guidelines, Final CAP Construction and Presentation to the Municipality
- Handed over electronic good governance technology and establishment of community information center
- Social mobilization.

OUTPUTS

Output 1.1.: Increased knowledge and capacity among citizens and CSOs to engage with and hold the LG accountable for improving Governance.

There are 36 GGS operationalized in the 3 palika of Doti district since 2019. Good Governance School (GGS) is one of the core project intervention to sensitize and provide in-depth knowledge about good governance, governance mechanisms, constitution provision etc. to marginalize groups in the Doti district. This will enable their knowledge and skills to access resources and services from LGs and hold LGs accountable.

GGS classes could not be conducted from March to July, 2020 due to the possibility of lockdown and Corona virus infection ordered by the Government of Nepal and the local government. After that, with the permission of the local government, the classes were conducted maintaining the social distancing and using the materials of health Precautions.

In 2nd Action year, a total 390 out of 432 sessions were operated in 36 GGS with 1136 marginalized people benefitting from the initiatives. 10813 (93 male, 10720 Female) were benefited from repeated 390 sessions of civic education in 36 GGS.

Rights-based group networks have conducted a community level advocacy campaign programs against impunity, harmful traditional practices, and social discrimination and inequality. Along with civic education, rights-based group/networks have been able to conduct campaigns on Dalit and women's rights.



Interaction with GGS members during the monitoring visit.

Apart from the above campaigns, the leaders of CSOs and the field staff of the project were involved in the food stuffs distribution work of the municipality and ward, health material distribution campaign and quarantine management. 821 HHs (Dalit, Single women and dally wages) and 23 Health institutions are benefited from the emergency response. EDC had distributed food stuffs, hygiene kits and PPE sets in collaboration and supported by DCA and Palikas during the luck down. Approx. 180 thousand people reached awareness massages covid 19 through FM radio supported by this project.

Even though the new government's structure, constitution and women's rights also were the new topics for the illiterate women. However GGS making Dalit and women able to share and discuss on LGs and local representative's role and responsibility, their needs and rights. **There are 499 out of 1136 GGS members able to remember and share more than 10 roles and responsibilities of LG representatives, fundamental rights and structures of 3 tires of government.**

The GGS run at the community level has been supporting the capacity building and leadership development of Dalit and marginalized women. After getting information about the work of local government, ward office, people's representatives and planning process and implementation process, women have been able to lead various groups, organizations and consumer committees for planning. **A total of 252 women from 36 CSOs have developed capacity in the seven-steps planning process of the Government of Nepal, while 72 women have acquired training skills in advocacy and leadership development.**

This year, a total of 132 women including 43 Dalits, 6 women and 83 other women of GGS have succeeded in leading the local structures.

Some of the identified results are as follows:

- Nagarik Sachtena Kendra CSO member Jyoti Tirua become president of drinking water user group in KI singh 7 to provide 2 lakhs from wards office after participants in GGs.
- 252 women of 36 CSOs know about seven steps planning process and they describe it about different others forums.
- Kedar Aama Samuha become succeed to receive grant 2 lakhs from wards to construct their own building from Joroyal Rural Municipality Office.
- Chamkilo CSO of Sikhhar Municipality 3 member Nirmala Jora become treasurer in temple construction committee of 5 lakhs to complete successfully provide by Sikhhar Municipality - 3. Similarly, Shikhar N.P. Gauri Mahara, chairperson of the Women's Rights Forum, and her team have success in providing a room for the Women's Rights Forum in coordination with Sarada Secondary School. To repair the room provided by the school, they have provided Rs. 200,000 budget has been received from Shikhar Napa. After renovating the room, they plan to run the office of the Women's Rights Forum.
- 132 women from 36 GGS demonstrating to engage with and hold LGs accountability by different ways like representation on different kinds of user committees such as Drinking water user committees, Forest user committees, School Management committees and infrastructure committees formed by LGs. Asha Balayar from Radha Krishna CSO KI singh 7, and Mahesawri Bhandari and Sita Ojha from Sikhhar Municipality - 3 have nominated as lead roles in village road construction committee after participants in GGs.

Output 1.2.: Needs and interests of citizens especially poor and marginalized citizens (women, dalit, and ethnic groups) reflected in LG policies, plan and programme

It is challenges to bring change in the policy of the local level only on the initiative of the citizen or civil society organization. This requires the initiative of various stakeholders and the will of the people's representatives.

The local government has been in operation for about two and a half years. Policies and laws based on the needs and demands of local citizens have not yet been formulated due to the lack of technical knowledge and skills on making policy and guidelines. A multi-stakeholder forum has been formed in all the three municipalities under the Pariwartan Project with the objective of assisting in policy making and addressing the needs and demands of the citizens. The current policies and laws are being discussed in the meeting of the forum. However, citizen participation at the policy-making level has not yet been seen.

The government has started the practice of collecting plans and programs from the ward and settlement level as 7 step planning process, but the local government has maintained the practice of making its own program based on the policies and programs of the center and the provinces level.

This year, we held regular meetings with all three municipalities. We were inspired to build a Community Action Plans (CAP) at the level of CSOs and to submit the municipality. **36 CSOs have developed 31 CAPs as CAP guideline. 338 CSO's members were participated in CAP developing process. Finally**

7 out of 31 CAPs have been approved by palikas. Seven CSOs are mobilizing 25 Lakh funds that provided by LGs to implementation approved CAPs.

Regarding the 3rd party CAP's support, there are two CAP selected by screening process of selected committees in Doti. KISING RM - 4 and Joroyal RM - 4 have agreed on bi-lateral meeting to co-finance on the building child care center (CCC) in KISING RM and Goat keeping in Joroyal RM - 4. Based on the bi-lateral meeting's decision, the KISING ward no. 4 office will provide land and CCC operational cost as estimated budget and Joroyal ward no. 4 office will pay cost of individual goat insurance with technical support.



Figure 1 CSOs members are discussing on CAP formulation Workshop

EDC lobbied the municipalities to address the demands of the community through District Coordination Committee (DCC) and submitted a demand letter to all the 9 local governments of the Doti district to allocate budget for Dalits, women, Janjati,

marginalized and people along with disabilities. As a result, 9 local governments have allocated budgets and flash out empowerment programs for Dalits, women, janjatis and the disabled. 3 palikas have addressed a lot of empowerment activities for the right-holders with in their plans and programs. **There is around 44% budget increase in average of 3 palikas then previous budget focusing on women, Dalit and minorities. LGs have publicized some programs for FY 2077/78** such as "Vice President with Women", "Women Kosheli Program," and "President with Dalits" and "President with Farmers" in their policies and programs.

Earlier, with the technical assistance of INLOGOS, EDC had built the capacity of 75 (23 women and 55 men) local representatives and staff of thematic committees of the three municipalities by conducting training on inclusive participatory planning and Local Governance Act.

Output 1.3: Inclusive and improved service delivery and monitoring mechanism established at LG

Due to the new practice of federal governance in Nepal, lack of necessary policies and laws, lack of new practice among the citizens, and the government being busy with local government management, local government was not able to provide its services effectively and citizens could not participate in the policy and planning process in the past.

The new local government was targeted at the policy of the central government rather than the demands and needs of the people. Along with the functioning of the local government, public awareness among the citizens has also been increasing. Various CSOs became more interested in government policies, laws and services due to the Pariwartan Project. In order to develop the capacity of CSOs as well as increase the accountability of the local government in the municipalities where the Pariwartan project is being conducted, coordination meetings, interactions and media mobilization and GGS have been conducted at different times.

Awareness was raised to the members of the CSOs about the role of the government, public service and accountability. As a result, the local governments have provided public information to the citizens by establishing citizen charter, mass gathering, social audit, monitoring of the schemes.

Through the GGS, especially women who are aware of the role of the government have been able to get birth registration, marriage registration, citizenship recommendation, senior citizens allowance, single women allowance and other services easily and simply.

The local government had distributed various services and facilities to the citizens by maintaining social distance even in the situation of Covid 19 and the lockdown in the country.

Smart Palika Apps has been developed in all the three municipalities (Shikhar municipality, KISING rural municipality and Joroyal rural municipality) to further improve the process of service flow provided by the local government and make it inclusive and effective. In the tripartite agreement of Pariwartan Project, Palika and CellAPP, the Smart Palika App and digital profile of LGs has been completed and handed over to the Palika by virtual during the lockdown. There is a plan to implement this technology effectively by building the capacity of the local governments and authorities after the impact of COVID 19 has diminished.

During the year, One CICI has been set up in Shikhar municipality in collaboration with Shikhar municipality and EDC-Nepal as per the agreement and ToR has been reached with the Shikhar municipality to set up a community information center (CIC) in Shikhar municipality to increase the access of citizens to public information. Similarly, the process of increasing the effectiveness of the grievance handling committee has been initiated in the same municipalities.



CIC equipment & Materials handover to Mayor of Shikhar municipality

In the meeting of the multi-stakeholder forum, it has been agreed that INLOGOS will prepare a grievance redressal guideline as project and the municipalities will discuss and implement it.

Judicial committees in all the three municipalities are now busy with women's issues. In the past, women never went to complain against their families and society due to lack of legal knowledge and social structure and culture. But after the operation of good governance schools, women have started registering issues like domestic violence and beatings themselves. There were 62 gender based violence (GBV) cases has been registered in judicial committees of LGs during the lock down.

Output 1.4: Increased interface among LGs and PGs to support well-coordinated and need based development policies, plans and programme in the Province.

In year II, there were no such activities planned. All activities are planned from year III.

Activities

Output 1.1.:

Activity 1.1.1: Raise poor and marginalized citizens' awareness on the constitution and structure and functions of the three-tier government system in coordination with the LG.

Through the Good Governance School, the citizens of Jorajal, KISING rural municipality and Shikhar municipality have been able to tell each other about the structure of the three tiers of government, the



CSOs members are participating on GGS class

functions of those governments and the work of the local representatives. 252 women have been able to share each other about the 7 steps planning process.

Under the Pariwartan Project in coordination with the local government, 36 GGS are being run to raise awareness among the citizens about the structure of three tiers of government, their role and the role of local government.

Before the transition of Covid 19, 36 GGS were operating regularly in the working areas. The GGS, which could not be operational till July, 2020 due to the lockdown, was reopened with maintain social distance and safety measures in coordination with local

government. By the end of Dec. 2020, 390 sessions had been accomplished in 36 GGS. 1136 CSOs members including 6 local women representatives were repeated in 390 GGS session and 10813 (93 male, 10720 female) citizens are aware on three tires of governments, role of local government, fundamental rights of citizens, 7 steps planning process and social accountability.

This action has been run to increase the awareness of the CSO's members and increase their participation in governance process. CSOs member's capacity was developed by facilitating participatory planning, community action plan writing, municipal and village councils, women's rights, and child marriage act.



CSO members are participating on quiz contest- 2020

In this year's 16-days campaign against gender discrimination, the CSOs have conducted seven programs in their community, such as rally, interactions against gender discriminations and quiz contest on civic education and corona awareness campaigns in coordination with palikas and likeminded organizations.

There were 524 men and women (178 Dalit women, 6 Janajati women, 340 other women and 30 men) participated in the campaigns organized by the CSOs. On behalf of the GGS, 90 women participated in the quiz contest, 300 women participated in the Rally demonstration and 250 women are aware on anti-Chaupadi policy of government and GBV through interactions.

Similarly, awareness campaign has been conducted by CSOs for the prevention and control of COVID 19 at the community level with the coordination and cooperation of civil society activists, project staff and local government.

Due to the spread of Corona virus around the world, the Government of Nepal announced the lockdown from March 2020. Therefore, all the programs to be conducted at the community level had to be slowdown due to the lockdown. Despite the slowdown of planned activities under the project, the project team, in constant coordination and cooperation with the DCA and the local government for the contingency plan. In the meantime, assisted the local government in raising awareness against Korana virus, distributing food stuffs, distributing PPE sets, health hygiene materials and support to data collecting of migrant workers.



Youths are demanding their right with state - Women day 2020

In the pandemic situation of covid 19, EDC had distributed PPE sets and health materials to 23 health institutions of DCA's working areas of Doti in collaboration DCA/DERF project. Provided these PPE sets

and materials have increased self-confidence of the health workers and made it easier for them to provide health service to deprived people and get comfort to them for treatment of quarantine's people too. 180 Dalit and daily wage households of Doti had accessed on immediate Food along with health hygiene items during the lock down through handover as Govt relief standard and DCA's SoP. The relief materials distributed in this way have benefited 864 dalit, underprivileged families of 180 HHs.

Regarding the awareness, was raised among the mass public by conducting talk shows under the radio partnership under the Pariwartan project that situation of lockdown. Similarly, corona awareness campaign was conducted along with distribution of health items in collaboration with the municipalities.

In the beginning of 1st lockdown, there were 4685 HHs benefited from safety measure with the collaboration of Joroyal Rural municipality- 4 and KI Singh Rural municipality 6, 7 and EDC. After this initiation of EDC project team, another wards of local governments has been stared awareness raising campaign with safety measure distributed.

Activity 1.1.2: Build knowledge and capacity of CSOs representative poor and marginalized group on advocacy, equitable public services, and local level planning, budgeting, implementation and monitoring process.

Community members of CSOs are increasingly accessing public services and recourses provided by local governments. The participation of women, in 7 steps planning and budget formulation meetings of settlement, wards and municipalities has increased and their access to public services and resource implementation has also increased.

As CSOs have become more interested in the work of the government and the services it provides, the flow of services provided by the local government has increased and the access of the general public has increased. During that period,



Figure 2 Report presenting by CSOs member on Leadership training.

Regarding the planning, this year, 31 Community Action Plan submitted by CSOs in their municipalities. Out of these Action plan, 7 plans have been approved and are being implemented.

For example, Joroyal rural municipality ward -2, the wasthey sahara Ama samuha has got 10 lakh from palika. Due to the remoteness of the health post, the Dalit women of the Swasthey sahara Ama samuha had demanded money for the construction of a community building. The building is currently under construction.

Similarly, 7 CSOs have demanded funds through their own CAPs. Finally they have success to get Rs. 25 lakhs. (*Detailed see, page No. 9*)

Representation of Dalit and marginalized women has also increased in the local level government's structures. These structures are being implemented under the leadership of 132 women. EDC had capacitated to 216 women from 36 CSOs on advocacy and leadership development training, CAP orientation and formulation, inclusive and participatory planning and budget formulation.

In the meantime, 338 women of the 36 CSOs also have trained through 216 women of CSOs. 252 trained women were actively participated in making their own CAPs developing process.

Activity 1.1.3: Build media partnership for raising public awareness and promoting best practices

Regarding media mobilization, a three-month agreement was signed with Radio Doti FM at the end of last year to prepare media operation guidelines and ToR and run radio programs from October 2019, as mentioned in the project.

But Radio Doti FM could not run the program for three months. The EDC, in coordination with the DCA, canceled the agreement and re-signed the agreement with Radio Triveni, which was selected through quotation. According to the agreement, the program is being implemented from January 1, 2021.

During the lockdown, 22 episodes had been broadcasted by Shaileshowri FM (SFM) Radio under the Pariwartan project. Later the budget was revised and allocated from the same budget heading (Radio talk show) to raise awareness among the public about the safety measures to be taken to avoid and save from the Covid- 19. In the Radio sajhedari program, local representatives from the 9 local governments including CDO, health authorities and civil society organizations' representatives were participated in the Radio talk show/interactions. This program is not reached only for Doti district but also for neighboring districts like Sokat of Achham, Sanfebagar Municipality, Chure RM of Kailali, Amargadhi Municipality of Dadeldhura accordingly Navadurga RM and Ganyapadhura RM. The radio sajhedari program has reached minimum approx. 1 lakh 80 thousand of citizens. Regarding the responded, 40 people from different districts responded/comments to the radio sajhedari program, while various people in the quarantine of Doti district interacted with their local representatives during the program.

Activity 1.1.4: Support CSOs to develop gender sensitive Community Action Plans (CAPs) and pilot the selected Action.

Last year, capacity building was developed for the staff and members of the organization on the Community Action Plan Guideline for the formulation of the Community Action Plan and its implementation at the community level.

This year, the project has provided capacity building through CAP formulation workshop to 89 members, including 24 Dalit women, 1 Dalit man, 1 Janajati woman and 61 other women selected from 36 CSOs in KI Singh village, Joroyal village and Shikhar municipality.

In the process of formulating CAPs in CSOs, 31 CAPs were formulated with the active participation of 338 women. 36 CSOs submitted 31 CAPs to their local governments and succeeded in passing seven CAPs.

Seven CSOs have succeeded to get Rs. 25 lakhs (**See the Outcome 1**) from the LGs for implementation their CAP. Similarly, two community action plans in Doti were selected by DCA and partner organizations for third party support. Jorayal rural municipality ward 4, for the Goat rearing and KISING 4 for the CCC in Doti is being implemented.



CAP submitted to Wad president by CSOs member.

Output 1.2:

Activity 1.2.1.: Orient LG Authorities to the LG Operation Act (LGOA) and support them to formulate inclusive policies, plans, strategies, frameworks and guidelines.

It is difficult to work with the local government at the policy making and implementation level. During the meeting of the multi-stakeholder platform including various formal or informal meetings with executive committee, thematic committees, and the local government realized the lack of policy and guidelines.

Based on these meetings EDC has conducted a joint meeting of stakeholders and analyzed the policy guidelines in all the three municipalities with the technical assistance of INLOGOS. Finally, the Gender Equality and Social Inclusion Policy, NGO Operational Guidelines and Thematic Committee Operational Guidelines, 2077 prepared with the technical assistance of INLOGOS have been submitted to the 3 LGS through discussions and interactions with various stakeholders. The municipality has committed to implement the policy and directives by passing them through the village and municipal assemblies.

Activity: 1.2.2. Facilitate to develop multi-stakeholder platform to influence integration of prioritized community needs into LG' policies, plan and programme.

The Action intends to the institutionalization of Multi-Stakeholders Platform that brings together representatives of citizens, LGs including DCCs, the private sector, the Palika level, dalit and women's networks, youth federations and political parties for concerted effort in planning and other government process. For this purpose, the project has developed a Multi-Stakeholder Operation Guideline in close coordination with the targeted Palika and together with Palikas coordinated the formation of the Multi-Stakeholder platform in the six Palika. The platform is used to share the lessons learned, experiences, knowledge and innovation for change for the poor and marginalized communities among LG representatives and other key stakeholders. Moreover, the platform will support in listing the organizations working for poor and marginalized community and thereby help to avoid a duplication of project activities. During the



Multi-stakeholders' meeting at Shikhar Municipality

reporting period five Multi-Stakeholder meetings were organized at the Palika level with 198 participants (55 female and 143 male) from LG, wards, CSOs/NGOs, youth and women’s networks, and the private sector.

As per the guidelines of the multi-stakeholder forum, regular meetings are being conducted in the municipalities. This year also, 5 meetings of forum was held in three palikas in which 198 local representatives, officials and representatives of likeminded CSOs were participated. These meeting focused on the necessary policies and guidelines of the palikas, which helped in formulating the much-needed GESI policy, NGO mobilization and guideline of thematic committee’s mobilization, 2077.

Activity 1.2.3: Technical inputs for thematic committee/sub-committees at LG level for function effectively

Capacity building of local representatives and officials on social accountability, inclusive planning and budgeting, multi-stakeholder meetings and increasing interest of citizens in government work have helped the local government to be accountable.

Activity 1.2.4: Technical support to LG to develop inclusive plans, policies and programme

In the meeting of stakeholders held in the three municipalities, a list of necessary policies and directives was prepared in the municipalities through policy assessment tools. The meeting held with the participation of 98 representatives and thematic committees had suggested to formulate at least three policies and directives on the basis of priority. On the basis of the assessment and priorities, with the coordination of EDC and technical assistance of INLOGOS, GESI Policy, Thematic Committee Operation and NGO Operation Guideline, 2077 was prepared and handed over to KI Singh and Joroyal RMs.

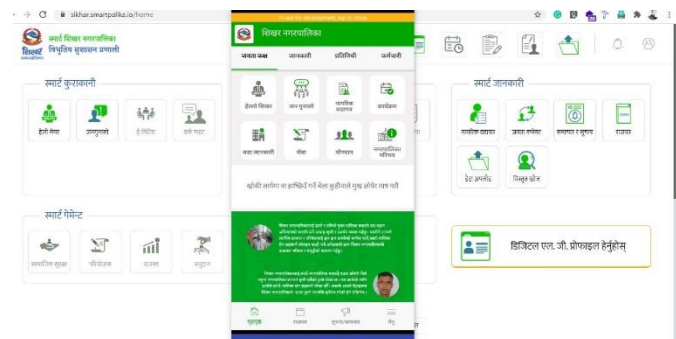


Policy hand over to KISING RM - President

Output 1.3:

Activity 1.3.1: Support to LGs to established and strengthen e-governance systems:

Smart Palika App and digital profile of LGs has been completed and handed over to the Palika as per the tripartite agreement. However, due to lack of technical knowledge and skills, digital profiles and Apps have not been implemented yet. There is a plan to implement this technology effectively by building the capacity of the local governments and authorities after the impact of COVID 19 has diminished.



Virtual e-system handed over to palikas by Cell App.

The CIC has been set up at Shikhar Municipality to increase the access of citizens on public information. In order to operate the community information center regularly, Shikhar Municipality has appointed a one staff as per the bilateral agreement and bring the information center into operation. However, the information center has yet to be developed as a source of information.

Activity 1.3.2: Work with LGs to strengthen and sustain existing grievance redressal system for improved governance

Planned for year II

Activity 1.3.3: Support LGs to organize regular Social audit and public hearing

Planned for year II

Activity 1.3.4: Strengthen the existing Public Finance Management (PFM) system at LGs

Planned for year II

Activity 1.3.5: Support LGs to establish and sustain inclusive M&E System.

Planned for Year II

Output 1.4:

Activity 1.4.1.: Organize knowledge and experience sharing workshops on good governance at the Province level among Action supported and other LGs that provides opportunity for scale up

Planned for year II

Activity 1.4.2: Support to build common understanding on shared mandates and collaboration among the LGs and PG in the presence of Federal Government

Planned for year II

Activity 1.4.3: Facilitate interactive workshops engaging PG, LGs, and CSOs for formulating Provincial Acts, policies and programme

Planned for year II

2.3. Log frame matrix updated

An updated version of the Log frame matrix, highlighting the changes eventually introduced. No major changes have been introduced at this stage.

Results chain	Indicators	Baseline	Current value	Targets (incl. reference Year)			Sources and means of verification	Assumption
		2019	Ref. date	Y1	Y2	Y3		
Overall objective: To increase citizens' meaningful participation in sub-national good governance in Nepal	Outcome: Oc. 1: Percentage of citizens mainly women, youth, Dalits and other ethnic minority that have access to public services	62.9%				80%	Impact evaluation report published by the Local, Provincial and Federal Government	The impact of the action will be complimented by other initiatives of government and non-government sector
	Oc. 2: Percentage of citizen mainly women, youths, Dalits and other minority who participated in decision making process	89.3%				95%		
Specific objective(s): Outcome(s): To empower citizens and their organisations to effectively engage with the sub-national governments in promoting responsiveness, transparency and accountability in the governance process in	Op. 1.1: Percentage of target population satisfied with their last experience of using resources, services and entitlements from the Local Government (LG)	98.3%			98.5 %	99%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project completion report Final evaluation Report Endline Survey Report Local policy and programme documents formulated by the LG during the action implementation period. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The success cases of the action's intervention will be replicated by government and other stakeholders to larger geographic areas Strong and high-level commitment from the LG is sustained and LGs are willing to make change The LG will be committed to involve more civil society organizations in the governance process at local level
	Op. 1.2: People's participation is embedded as a norm in laws, policies and programme making process.	0			2	2		
	Op. 1.3: Proportion of citizens who believe decision making is inclusive and	31.9%				51.9 %		

Sudurpachim province of Nepal	responsive, by sex, age, disability and population							
Output 1.1: Increased knowledge and capacity among citizens and CSOs engage with and hold the LG accountable for improving governance	<p>Oc. 1: Proportion of citizens who are able to recall at least three roles of LG representative</p> <p>Oc. 2: Number of activities within the gender sensitive Community Action Plans (CAPs) developed by CSOs that are funded by the LGs</p> <p>Oc. 3: Proportion of citizens and their representative organizations demonstrating confidence to engage with and hold LG accountable</p>	26%		26%	50%	80%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Annual progress report • Evidence documentation • Case Stories • Endline survey report 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Citizens mainly women, youths, Dalits and representative from ethnic minority are willing to be part of capacity building activities • Citizens trust their representative organizations (CSOs) and the idea that they will speak the voice of all the citizens • Citizens and their CSOs are willing to take initiative in developing as well as prioritizing their own plans.
Output 1.2: Needs and interests of citizens especially poor and marginalized citizens (women, Dalits and ethnic groups) reflected in LG policies, plans and programme	<p>Oc. 1: Number of plans, policies, strategies/ guidelines formulated by the LGs that are responsive to the needs of women, Dalit and Ethnic groups.</p> <p>Oc. 2: Percentage increase in the number of activities within the plans, programmes, and budget focusing on women, Dalits, and Ethnic minorities.</p>	53			12%	12%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LG Policies, plans and programme • Annual progress reports • Event Reports • Final Evaluation Report 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Capture of elites and selected political parties during the formulation of plans, policies, strategies and guidelines is minimal • LG official are encouraged and willing to be part of capacity building activities • The members of Thematic committee and sub-committees realize their capacity and need seek support to function effectively

	Oc. 3: Number of LG officials and thematic committee members who are capacitated on LGOA and have increased confidence to function effectively	253			180	288		
Output 1.3: Inclusive and improved service delivery and monitoring mechanism established at LG level	Oc. 1: Proportion of citizens (disaggregated by sex, age, disability population group) who have accessed the public services provided from LG level	0		55%	65%	75%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Annual progress report • Final evaluation report • LG service Delivery Record Register • Palika Action Plans • Event Report • E-Governance portal of the municipality 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Citizen are receptive towards maximum utilization of SMART Palika App, and make maximum use of the same • LG officials are willing to get technical support to strengthen the process of social audit and public hearings • Citizens understand and internalize that making compliant is their rights and therefore should file grievances • Less political conflict between and among local CSOs and the LG officials • Government policy continue to remain favorable to promote and mobiles CSOs for development interventions.
	Oc. 2: Number of social audits and public hearings that are conducted through technical support on process facilitation	20		6	12	18		
	Oc. 3: % of supported Rural/Municipality having functional e-governance system (digital profile, mobile app based vital registration system, citizen charter and online meeting and file sharing between elected representatives)	0			45%	90%		
	Oc. 3: % of grievances lodged in LG Grievance	0			50%	90%		

	Redressal System that are resolved							
Output 1.4: Increased interactions among LGs and Provincial Government (PG) to support well-coordinated and need based development policies, plan and programme in Sudurpachim Province.	<p>Oc. 1: Number of good practices replicated/scaled up to non-Action Municipalities in Sudurpachim Province.</p> <p>Oc. 2: Number of provincial Acts, Policies, Plan and Programme formulated by the PG in consultation with the LGs</p> <p>Oc. 3: Number of issues identified/arose under the shared mandates (during baseline) that were resolved in coordinated manner among LG-PG-FG (by end of Action)</p>	0			2	5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • End of project report • Final evaluation • Replication observation report • LG Acts, Policies and plan • End of project report 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LG, PG and District Coordination Committee (DCC) will embrace the overall role of non-state actors and CSOs and are willing to create conducive environment for their operation and partner with them • PG officials and respective Ministries are willing to coordinate with the collaborate with LGs for wider developmental impact at the Provincial Level • Federal Government (FG) will be positive towards the initiative of bringing LGs and PGs together in a forum for greater synergy building
Activities	<p>Output 1.1.: Activity 1.1.1: Raise poor and marginalized citizens' awareness on the constitution, and structure and functions of three tire government, in coordination with the LG.</p> <p>Activity 1.1.2: Build knowledge and capacity of CSOs representative poor and marginalized group on advocacy,</p>							

<p>equitable public services, and local level planning, budgeting, implementation and monitoring process.</p> <p>Activity 1.1.3: Build media partnership for raising public awareness and promoting best practices</p> <p>Output 1.2: Activity 1.2.1.: Orient LG Authorities to the LG Operation Act (LGOA) and support them to formulate inclusive policy, plans, strategies, frameworks and guidelines.</p> <p>Activity: 1.2.2. Facilitate to develop multi-stakeholder platform to influence integration of prioritized community needs into LG' policies, plan and programme.</p> <p>Activity 1.2.3: Technical inputs for thematic committee/sub-committees at LG level for function effectively</p> <p>Activity 1.2.4: Technical support to</p>							
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	<p>LG to develop inclusive plans, policies and programme</p> <p>Output 1.3: Activity 1.3.1: Support to LGs to established and strengthen e-governance systems.</p> <p>Activity 1.3.2: Work with LGs to strengthen and sustain existing grievance redressal system for improved governance</p> <p>Activity 1.3.3: Support LGs to organize regular Social audit and public hearing</p> <p>Activity 1.3.4: Strengthen the existing Public Finance Management (PFM) system at LGs</p> <p>Activity 1.3.5: Support LGs to establish and sustain inclusive M&E System.</p> <p>Output 1.4: Activity 1.4.1.: Organize knowledge and experience sharing workshops on good governance at the Province level among Action supported and other LGs that provides</p>							
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	<p>opportunity for scale up</p> <p>Activity 1.4.2: Support to build common understanding on shared mandates and collaboration among the LGs and PG in the presence of Federal Government</p> <p>Activity 1.4.3: Facilitate interactive workshops engaging PG, LGs, and CSOs for formulating Provincial Acts, policies and programme</p>							
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<Please list all contracts (works, supplies, services) above €60,000 awarded for the implementation of the action during the reporting period, giving for each contract the amount, the name of the contractor and a brief description on how the contractor was selected>

During the reporting period, no contract exceeded this limit.

2.4. Please provide an updated action plan for the further activities of the project²

Year: 2020														
Activity	Months												Implementing body	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		
Output 1.1: Increased knowledge and capacity among citizens and CSOs to engage with and hold the LG accountable for improving governance.														
Activity 1.1.1: Raise poor and marginalized citizens' awareness on the constitution, and structure and functions of three tier government, in coordination with the LG.														DCA, EDC, MDO, INLOGOs
Preparation: GGS Manual and Resource material developed, IEC material printed. Some more IEC material (Civil and Criminal code provision, Seven Step Planning Process, Accountability tools etc) has plan to print and disseminate in this year. 72 GGS School operated														DCA, EDC, MDO, INLOGOs
Execution: GGS School operated in respective Plalika														EDC, MDO, INLOGOs
Activity 1.1.2: Build knowledge and capacity of CSOs representative poor and marginalized group on advocacy, equitable public services, and local level planning, budgeting, implementation and monitoring process.														EDC, MDO, INLOGOs
Preparation: Training content develop Campaign strategy develop														INLOGOs, EDC, MDO, DCA
Execution: Mass Campaign activities in the respective 6 Palika														INLOGOs, EDC, MDO
Activity 1.1.3: Build media partnership for raising public awareness and promoting best practices														EDC, MDO, Saileshowari FM-Doti, Mangalsen FM-Achham
Preparation: ToR developed Memorandum of Understanding with local FM Content development for programme broadcast														"
Execution: Media mobilization														"

² This plan will cover the financial period between the interim report and the next report.

3.3. Where applicable, describe your relationship with any other organisations involved in implementing the Action:

This Action have not proposed for any Associate partners. During the reporting period, it did not work with any external contractors except for the consultant of baseline survey, which was smooth and very coordinated.

- **Final Beneficiaries and Target groups: During the reporting period, the Action team offered a regular** coaching/mentoring to the beneficiaries and their CSOs (groups/networks/associations/federation members), through which the Action team helped the beneficiaries understand the objective of the project and its plans over the implementation period. The proper implementation of the planned activities was possible due to mutual understanding with target beneficiaries. The target groups showed keen interest and extended cooperation with the action interventions. The action has started in a positive note and is expected to have a very positive impact on the final beneficiaries.
- **Other third parties involved:** The Action envisions a third-party support. However, this was planned for year I.

3.4 Where applicable, outline any links and synergies you have developed with other actions.

DCA is implementing a longer- term project funded by DANIDA in both the districts. In order to create greater synergy and complementarity, the DANIDA funded project was revisited to implement activities that are not covered by this Action. Similarly, analysis was also done to have a greater coverage geographically through these two interventions. For example, learnings of establishing the Good Governance School was greatly appreciated by the community and therefore, will be replicated in other wards of the same Palika and even in the neighboring Palikas. This has been greatly considered in the planned activities of 2020 too under the DANIDA Frame. A clearer picture of the synergy created can be shown in the next reporting report.

3.5 If your organisation has received previous EU grants in view of strengthening the same target group, in how far has this Action been able to build upon/ complement the previous one(s)?

DCA has implemented several EU funded actions that DCA in different period such as **Dalit Empowerment Project (DEP), Food Facility Project (FFP), Sustainable Agriculture Development Project (SADP), and Regional Food Security Project (DCI-FOOD 2013/317-977)**. During implementation of all these projects, desired level interaction and collaboration was made for synergies.

The main objective of DEP was to empower Dalit and marginalised communities and build the capacity of their local institutions, community-based organisations (CSOs) to advocate for the rights and entitlements and thereby improve livelihood status of the same. The project had largely contributed to enhance social capital such as awareness and self-esteem of Dalits through literacy classes and strengthening solidarity networks/pressure groups. Moreover, the project facilitated the active involvement of men and women of the Dalit/marginalised communities in discussions and action plans that promoted the various dimensions of dalit's empowerment and community development including access to services and participation, political and civil rights, health care and educational opportunities. Likewise, the FFP project improved food security condition of socio-economically excluded Dalit community by diversifying and increasing agriculture production/productivity, generating employment on agro-based enterprises and accessing government social protection schemes and services. The project had further strengthened capacity of local CBOs/CSOs, farmers and Dalit networks, and local government on a right based food security programme and on the effectiveness of the existing safety net programmes for Dalit communities. The above actions had largely empowered Dalit and marginalised communities socially and economically. This Action have tried to well compliment the previous projects and have focused more on the empowerment i.e. increased participation/engagement of the CSOs and other similar communities in the decision-making positions thereby influence in the existing policies/laws, programmes and social protection schemes. The project intends to strengthen the local groups, networks, federation, and link with other likeminded organisations. The experiences and lessons of the previous EU funded actions will be well integrated and reported in the implementation of the project activities in the next reporting period.

4. Visibility

Various visibility related activities have taken place during the reporting period as per the communication and visibility plan submitted to the EU. These plans have also been distributed to the partners. A notebook with project information was printed and shared among the partners and peer organisations. The notebook has the EU emblem at its cover page. The project has also produced posters with messages of awareness on good governance which were distributed to all beneficiaries and local authorities. The posters have also been placed in different locations and all posters have a dominant placement of the EU emblem. The social mobilizers were oriented to recognize EU funding during all forms of orientation programmes. Banners have present during several orientations, discussions and quiz contest to further ensure EU visibility, as well as hoarding boards, has EU's emblem on them, which have been placed in strategic locations, e.g. municipal offices, to demonstrate messages about the Action and visibility of the EU's financial support to the project.

The following articles have been published:

- *A School That Makes People Change Their Own Lives*: published on DCA's international website targeting a wide range of DCA stakeholders and on a local news site.
<https://www.danchurchaid.org/articles/a-school-that-makes-people-change-their-own-lives>
- *Teaching Governance*: published on Loktantar and shared via. Social Medias (Facebook and Twitter) to demonstrate the importance of good governance school through the EU funded project, garnered good engagement of readers.
<http://english.lokaantar.com/articles/teaching-governance/>
- *Good Governance Schools in the far West Nepal are Helping Illiterate and Women from Deprived Communities to Understand the Governance Structure*: a video published on DCA Facebook page about the GGS initiative. This has also been shared by partners on their Social Media platforms. The post recognizes EU funding.
<https://www.facebook.com/DCAinNepal/videos/2621903734709965/>

The project does not have its own Facebook page. Instead DCA Nepal and DCA's International Facebook pages and Twitter account is used to update on project activities. In every post, funding from EU recognised. As per the communication plan, the Action will also print T-shirt, caps and bags ensuring EU visibility and radio programs including talk shows, public service announcements and radio magazines will be launched soon to and communicate messages about EU funding in all episodes.

The European Commission may wish to publicize the results of Actions. Do you have any objection to this report being published on the EuropeAid website? If so, please state your objection here.

Name of the contact person for the Action

Ms, Samjhana Bista, Programme Funding Coordinator/Officer In Charge

Signature: **Samjhana Bista.**

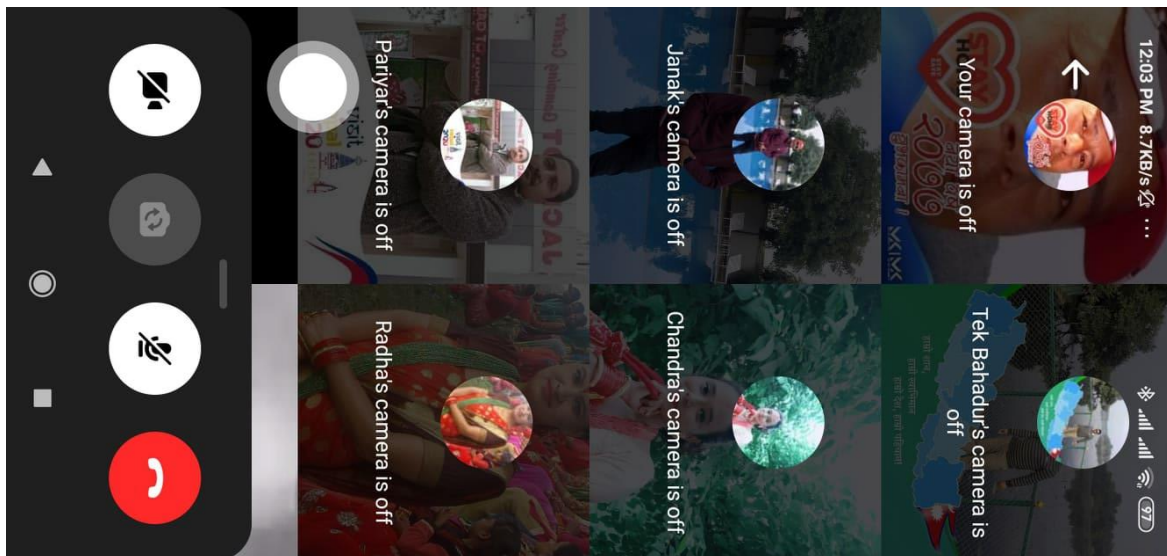
Location: Kathmandu, Nepal

Date report due: 31 March 2020

ANNEXES

Annex I: Pictures







Annex II

Changes Stories: ER-1

Draupadi succeeded in acquiring property.

Ms. Dropati BK is the participant's member of Good Governance School (GGs) Sahara health mother group situated in Joroyal RM 2 Melkhola Doti. Most of these group participants are from marginalised dalit community women. Most of the male are works in different parts of India to conduct their regular livelihood. School dropout rate was high due to uneducated parents and poverty.

Dropati was married 12 years ago in early sixteen age arranged marriage by his parents to her husband's Ram Bahadur. After marriage her husband going to India to earn and comes yearly and half yearly in festive time and also gone after month helping in traditional agricultures activities .She has also two son ten and nine years. She has good relation with her husbands and they talks each other from mobile about his family income and other personal task etc .

Three years ago her husband got 2nd marriage in India and he didn't come in village and not send money and not talk with her only talk with son. Her father in law and mother in law also said my son got another marriage why you stay here.

Last year EDC PARIWARTAN project formed GGS School in Melkhola and sensitize new constitution of Nepal Federal structure and different rights and duties and other in monthly basis two class. She learn actively different things such as importance of citizen ship and marriage registration system and early marriage provision of Nepal law and double marriage etc. She said after not taking class she doesn't know about it and not speak in front of other person. After that she phoned her husband some time but he didn't response few days he response and talking with him lovely manner and says I did double marriage it's my fault but we live together, I have fear if I come village you take to me in police office ,she said no its my family matter we both live well. Few months later her husband and his 2nd wife comes from India in village she demands equal distribution of his salary and property to both .His husband indifference. I will do it later but present we are in hurry. Finally she informed to the area police office of Budar and discussion on issue and her husband agreed to sign in the paper to distribute his property and gave her also love affection from his side.

She said finally GGs class shows path for me in this matter. Present I am also board member of Women Right Forum (WRF) of Chatiwan and I will do advocacy to remove different bad evil which was prevalent in our community.



ER-1

Women activists are aware against the GBV

"Today, women in 60 households can safely sleep in their homes and eat nutritious food."

This statement was made by Mandhari BK, who is a member of Swasthya Sahara Ama Samuha Joroyal 2. Under her leadership, Mandhari BK put an end to the existing evil practices and violence against women in the society in Joroyal Gounpalika- 2, Melkhola. Despite the long efforts of governmental and non-governmental organizations, the practice of Chhaupadi in Melkhola had not come to an end. In order to get rid of the traditional customs and bad practices through the GGS, she broke down the Chaougoth and started sleeping inside the house.

Her efforts were supported by other women in the group, who launched a campaign to demolish the Chaougoth in their community. Despite initial protests from the community, Mandhari and her group members eventually managed to demolish chaoughoth of 60 households.

In the Dalit community of 80 households, women have been following the practice of chhau since last year and during the chhau, women have to sleep alone in a barn far from their homes. They have to do all the work outside the home, they don't eat nutritious food and they believed with their god will be angered if they sleep inside the home.

Mandhari BK- 37, a mother of two sons and a daughter to be an illiterate women. After participating in the GGS, she realized that it was the society and traditional cultures that made women victims of violence.



She says, "We, the women, are the ones who have suffered the injustice of being deprived of family and society, that's why gender based violence is increasing today." From the GGS we learned about the laws against violence against women, women's rights. Then I decided to leave the chaoughoth and stay at home to free daughter and daughter-in-law from violence against women in future. For a few days, the society protested, but all the women in our swasthya sahara Aama samuha said that the cowshed should be demolished now. We demolished the chaoughoth in 60 out of 80 houses and now they are sleeping safely in their own room of house.

Some people are protesting and trying to provoke men, but with the support of our men, this problem can end on its own and become a community free from the practice of Melkhola Chhaupadhi.

Swasthya Sahara Ama Samuha Joroyal Goun palika- 2 Buder is an organization by Dalit women of Melkhola. For the past two years, the mother group has been running a GGS under the Pariwartan Project run by EDC with the financial support of DCA.

Mandhari VK, who has been active as a social activist. To be an active member of the Good Governance School.



ER-1

The Good Governance School made me feel responsible.

48 years old Ms. Laxmi BK who is living in Joroyal rural municipality ward no. 1. Khadena, was elected as a member on behalf of Dalit women in the last local election.

Although she was elected as a ward member, she now feels her responsibility from the GGS. Lakshmi BK, is a member of Samaji seed Production Farmers Group. She said, that the well-run GGS, which is run regularly, has made her feel the responsibility of the people's representative.

We women local representatives elected in palikas and wards did not know what to do or not to do. The palika has never made us realize our work. We were also confused in our responsibility. But it was only from the GGS that I came to know about my work, duties and rights has shown me the way to develop my ward, to develop the community.

Laxmi BK, who has been participating in continuous GGS, after getting information about the planning process, social accountability, meaningful participation, policy rules and laws, this year, she had allocated around Rs 150,000 for the Lift Drinking Water Scheme for community.



MS. Laxmi BK
Women local representative

Similarly, she has been representing women in various consumer committees formed for the implementation of development plans and field monitoring also. Stating that, she has been participating meaningfully in meetings and other assemblies as compared to last year, she said that many women people's representatives like me have taken GGS as a guide. From here, we have felt that we are the local representatives, says Laxmi VK. The Samaji Seed Production Farmers Group has been running GGS for the past two years under the Pariwartan project run by EDC with the financial support of DCA.

In good governance school, Laxmi BK along with 6 other women people's representatives have been involved in regular teaching and learning activities.

ER-3

डोटीका तीन स्थानीय तहमा विधुतिय सुशासन प्रविधि हस्तान्तरण

नजर अनलाइन डेस्क २३ भाद्र २०७७, मंगलवार १९:४३ 49 Share झलक पाली

भाद्र २३, डोटी ।

डोटीका तीन वटा स्थानीय तहहरूमा विधुतिय सुशासन प्रविधि हस्तान्तरण गरिएको छ ।



जोरायल गाउँपालिका, के.आई.सिंह गाउँपालिका, शिखर नगरपालिका तथा सम विकास केन्द्र (ईडीसी) नेपाल डोटी र सेल एप प्रा.ली. बिच गत वर्ष भएको त्रिपक्षिय सम्झौता बमोजिम शुरु गरिएको स्मार्ट पालिकाका लागि विधुतिय सुशासनको एप निर्माण गरि डिजिटल माध्यममार्फत नै हस्तान्तरण गरिएको हो ।

इडिसीले सञ्चालन गर्दै आएको परिवर्तन परियोजना अन्तरगत नागरिक र नागरिक समाज संस्थाहरूको क्षमता विकास गर्दै सुशासनका हरेक प्रक्रियामा उनिहरूको अर्थपूर्ण सहभागिता बृद्धि गरी स्थानीय तहको सुशासन प्रवर्द्धनमा सहयोग पुर्याउने उद्देश्यले प्रविधिको शुरुवात गरिएको इडिसिका जिल्ला संयोजक महेश परियारले बताए ।

भद्र १६ गते शिखर नगरपालिका, भाद्र १८ गते जोरायल गाउँपालिका र भाद्र २३ मंगलबार के.आई.सिंह गाउँपालिकामा उक्त प्रविधि हस्तान्तरण गरिएको परियारले बताए ।

सन् २०१९ मा तीन वटै पालिकालाई विधुतिय सुशासन प्रविधिमाफत स्मार्टपालिकाको रुपमा विकसित गर्न भएको त्रिपक्षिय सम्झौता बमोजिम तीन वटै स्थानीय तहको डिजिटल प्रोफायल, ई-गभर्नेन्स ड्यासबोर्ड र मोबाईल एपको कार्य सम्पन्न गरी कार्यान्वयनका लागि अनौपचारिक रुपमा हस्तान्तरण गरिएको जनाईएको छ ।

सम्बन्धीत स्थानीय तहका प्रमुख, उपप्रमुख, प्रमुख प्रशासकिय अधिकृत, सूचना प्रवृधि अधिकृत लगायत इडीसीका कर्मचारीहरूको सहभागितामा डिजिटल प्रोफायल, ई-गभर्नेन्स ड्यास बोर्ड र मोबाईल एपको प्रस्तुतीकरणसंगै डिजिटल प्रविधिमाफत हस्तान्तरण गरिएको हो ।

यूरोपियन यूनिएन, डिसीएको आर्थिक सहयोग र स्थानीय तहहरूको सहकार्यमासम विकास केन्द्र नेपालले ति तीन वटै स्थानीय तहहरूमा गत वर्षदेखि परिवर्तन परियोजना संचालन गर्दै आएको छ ।

Wow Moment "Corona rescue campaign"



In the first lockdown, soap and Masks were distributed in Joroyal-4 and KI Singh 6-7 along with Corona Awareness Campaign in collaboration with Ward and EDC. Out of which 4685 households had benefited.

In the difficult situation of that movement and all the government and non-government organizations were stunned in Doti, the initiative of Pariwartan Project under the EDC-Nepal and the Palika's had distributed a soap and masks to 4648 HHs along with corona awareness campaign. The budget was only 20 thousand for the campaign.

It was a great awareness campaign to learn another palikas that conducted by palika, social mobilizers and CSOs volunteers.



As a result, Dipayal Silgadhi Municipality, Shikhar Municipality, Joroyal, KISING and other Palikas on their own initiative had distributed soap and masks to each and every HHs as awareness campaign.



Innovative idea that was invented during the project implementation bring a very good result

If the municipality can be made technology friendly, the citizens can be more informed and benefited more and more resource facilities provided from the local government.

(Digital Citizen's Charter, e-signature machine, Technology Friendly hall management and capacity development and visibility support)

Key Challenges and Way Forward

Key Challenges	Way Forward
Effective implementation of Smart Palika's App and portal in palika and community level.	Without technical knowledge, the municipality cannot implement the e-governance system technology and the community also cannot use it which was made by Cell App. The people's representatives of the municipalities, the employees especially the IT and other project employees also need technical knowledge about e-good governance.
Due to Covid 19 and internet server, there was a lack of space for setting up CIC in Shikhar Municipality. Which led to a delay in the establishment of the CIC.	The municipality has appointed one staff and implemented the information center, but there is still a lack of resources and knowledge to make the community information center effective and citizen-oriented.
Due to Covid-19, our community level activity was halt for long time and it effect on learning process of GGs members	Due to Covid 19, the participants of each good governance school were forgetting what they had learned, so the previous sessions had to be repeated in each school.
We can not show visibility as project in all level.	Support citizen charter das board, signature machine, digitize conference hall to 3 palikas and its 13 wards.
Lack of adequate recourses materials in GGS and staff's capacity building too.	INLOGOS will support.

Carry on for 2021

Activity : 1.1

1.1.5 Awareness raising session on e-governance

1.1.5.1 Awareness raising in each palika's GGS

1.1.5.2 72 different campaigns on e-governance

1.1.5.3 Tailored awareness raising event

1.1.5.4 Palika level experience sharing meetings

1.1.5.4 District level experience sharing meetings

Activity 3.1: Support LGs to establish and strengthen e-governance systems

3.1.1 Discussion with LG representatives on e-governance

Activity 3.2: Work with LGs to strengthen and sustain existing grievance redressal system for improved governance

3.2.2 Dialogue with the LGs to develop grievance redressal mechanism

3.2.3 Grievance handling day

Activity 3.3: Support LGs to organise regular social audits and public hearing.

3.3.2 Dissemination of information generated from social audits and public hearings

Activity 3.5: Support LGs to establish and sustain inclusive M&E System

3.5.2 Training on operationalizing the framework

News:**डोटीका ३ वटा स्थानीय तहमा सुशासन पाठशाला सञ्चालन गरिंदै****128**
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डोटी, चैत्र -१ ।

डोटीका ३ वटा स्थानीय तहमा सु-शासन पाठशाला सञ्चालन गर्न थालिएको छ ।

पाठशाला सञ्चालन गरिए सँगै स्थानीय महिलाहरु नगरपालिका तथा गाउँपालिकाले दिने सेवा सुविधा, योजना र आफ्ना अधिकार लगायतका बारेमा जागरुक हुन थालेका छन् ।

जिल्लाका जोरायल गाउँपालिका, के.आइ.सिंह गाउँपालिका र शिखर नगरपालिकामा पाठशाला सञ्चालन भएपछि महिलाहरु योजना छनोट, महिला अधिकार, महिला हिंसा र स्थानीय तहले दिने सेवा सुविधाका बारेमा चासो दिन थालेका हुन् ।

सम विकास केन्द्र नेपाल डोटीले सञ्चालन गरिरहेको परिवर्तन परियोजनामार्फत सञ्चालन गरिएका पाठशालामा तीन वटै स्थानीय तहका एक हजार एक सय सात जना महिला सहभागी भएका छन् ।



नागरिकलाई स्थानीय सरकार, संघिय संरचना र नागरिकका अधिकारका बारेमा सुसूचित गराउन सु-शासन पाठशाला सञ्चालन गरिएको सम विकास केन्द्रका कार्यक्रम प्रबन्धक महेश परियारले बताए ।

पाठशाला समय सान्दर्भिक भएका कारण यसको अनुशरण अरु स्थानीय तहले पनि गर्नसके स्थानीय सरकारबाट हुने सेवा प्रवाहका बारेमा सबै नागरिक जानकार हुने र सेवा लिन जाँदा समस्या भोग्न नपर्ने डोटीका प्रमुख जिल्ला अधिकारी टेक नारायण पौडेलले बताए ।

सु-शासन पाठशाला सुरु गरिएपछी स्थानीय महिलाहरु जवाफदेहिता, सुशासन, पारदर्शिता र अधिकारका बारेमा सचेत भएका छन् भने स्थानीय तहहरुमा हुने हरेक क्रियाकलापमा महिलाहरुको सहभागिता प्रभावकारी हुने देखिएको छ ।

डोटीका तीन स्थानीय तहमा विधुतिय सुशासन प्रविधि हस्तान्तरण

नजर अनलाइन डेस्क २३ भाद्र २०७७, मंगलवार १९:४३

49

Share

झलक पाली

भाद्र २३, डोटी ।

डोटीका तीन वटा स्थानीय तहहरूमा विधुतिय सुशासन प्रविधि हस्तान्तरण गरिएको छ ।

जोरायल गाउँपालिका, के.आई.सिंह गाउँपालिका, शिखर नगरपालिका तथा सम विकास केन्द्र (ईडीसी) नेपाल डोटी र सेल एप प्रा.ली. बिच गत वर्ष भएको त्रिपक्षिय सम्झौता बमोजिम शुरु गरिएको स्मार्ट पालिकाका लागि विधुतिय सुशासनको एप निर्माण गरि डिजीटल माध्यममार्फत नै हस्तान्तरण गरिएको हो ।

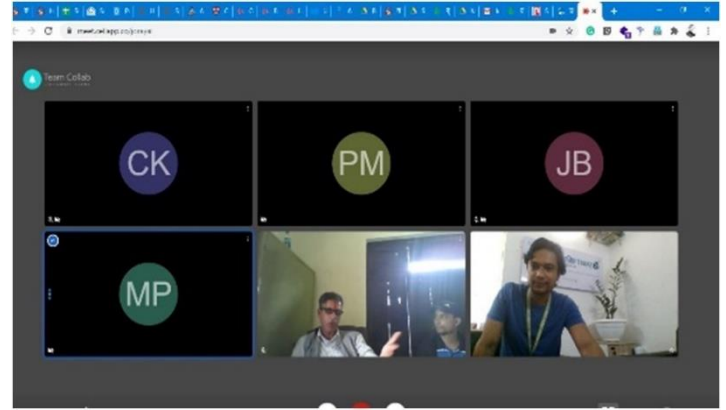
इडिसीले सञ्चालन गर्दै आएको परिवर्तन परियोजना अन्तर्गत नागरिक र नागरिक समाज संस्थाहरूको क्षमता विकास गर्दै सुशासनका हरेक प्रक्रियामा उनिहरूको अर्थपूर्ण सहभागिता बृद्धि गरी स्थानीय तहको सुशासन प्रवर्द्धनमा सहयोग पुर्याउने उद्देश्यले प्रविधीको शुरुवात गरिएको इडिसिका जिल्ला संयोजक महेश परियारले बताए ।

भद्र १६ गते शिखर नगरपालिका, भाद्र १८ गते जोरायल गाउँपालिका र भाद्र २३ मंगलबार के.आई.सिंह गाउँपालिकामा उक्त प्रविधि हस्तान्तरण गरिएको परियारले बताए ।

सन् २०१९ मा तीन वटै पालिकालाई विधुतिय सुशासन प्रविधिमाफत स्मार्टपालिकाको रूपमा विकसित गर्न भएको त्रिपक्षिय सम्झौता बमोजिम तीन वटै स्थानीय तहको डिजीटल प्रोफायल, ई-गभर्नेन्स ड्यासबोर्ड र मोबाईल एपको कार्य सम्पन्न गरी कार्यान्वयनका लागि अनौपचारिक रूपमा हस्तान्तरण गरिएको जनाईएको छ ।

सम्बन्धीत स्थानीय तहका प्रमुख, उपप्रमुख, प्रमुख प्रशासकिय अधिकृत, सूचना प्रवृधि अधिकृत लगायत इडीसीका कर्मचारीहरूको सहभागितामा डिजीटल प्रोफायल, ई-गभर्नेन्स ड्यास बोर्ड र मोबाईल एपको प्रस्तुतीकरणसंगै डिजीटल प्रविधिमाफत हस्तान्तरण गरिएको हो ।

यूरोपियन यूनिएन, डिसीएको आर्थिक सहयोग र स्थानीय तहहरूको सहकार्यमासम विकास केन्द्र नेपालले ति तीन वटै स्थानीय तहहरूमा गत वर्षदेखि परिवर्तन परियोजना संचालन गर्दै आएको छ ।



इडिसीद्वारा सामुदायिक सूचना केन्द्र स्थापनाका लागि शिखर नगरपालिकालाई लाखौंका सामाग्री हस्तान्तरण



झलक पाली १९ मंसिर २०७७, शुक्रबार २०:५६

49

Share

भागरथी मडै

मंसिर १९, डोटी ।

डोटीमा लामो समयदेखि सामाजिक क्षेत्रमा क्रियाशील गैर सरकारी संस्था सम विकास केन्द्र (इडिसी) नेपाल डोटीले शिखर नगरपालिकामा सामुदायिक सूचना केन्द्र स्थापना गर्नका लागि लाखौं मूल्यका सामाग्रीहरु शुक्रबार हस्तान्तरण गरेको छ । सार्वजनिक सूचनामा आम नागरिकहरुको पहुँच बृद्धि गर्ने उद्देश्यले सामुदायिक सूचना केन्द्र स्थापना गर्नका लागि रु. ५३ हजार ७ सय २६ बराबरको कार्यालय सामाग्री तथा रु. १ लाख ५३ हजार ६ सय ५८ बराबरका कम्प्यूटर, ल्यापटप, फोटोकपी मेशिन लगायतका उपकरणहरु हस्तान्तरण गरिएको इडिसीले जनाएको छ ।



डिसिए र यूरोपियन यूनियनको आर्थिक सहयोगमा इडिसी डोटीले संचालन गरिरहेको परिवर्तन परियोजना र शिखर नगरपालिकाको सहकार्यमा उक्त सूचना केन्द्र स्थापना इडिसीका सामाजिक विकास अधिकृत टेक बहादुर नेपाली र सूचनाअधिकृत पदम मिजारको टोलीले शिखर नगरपालिका प्रमुख सिताराम जोशीलाई ति सामाग्रीहरु हस्तान्तरण गरेका हुन् । शिखर नगरपालिकामा विधुतीय सुशासन प्रविधिको कार्यान्वयन संगै आम नागरिकका लागि प्रवाह गरिने सार्वजनिक सूचनालाई सहज, सरल बनाई सूचनामा नागरिकको पहुँच बृद्धि गर्न र स्थानीय सरकार एवं जनप्रतिनिधिहरुलाई नागरिकप्रति जवाफदेहि बनाई जवाफदेहिता र पादिर्शिताको संस्थागत प्रवर्द्धनमा सहयोग पुर्‍याउने उद्देश्यले सूचना केन्द्र स्थापनागर्न लागिएको इडिसीका परिवर्तन परियोजनाका जिल्ला संयोजक महेश परियारले बताए ।

सामाग्री हस्तान्तरण कार्यक्रममा शिखर नगरपालिका प्रमुख जोशी, लगाएत नगरपालिकाका प्रमुख प्रशासकिय अधिकृत, वडा अध्यक्षहरु, सूचना प्रविधि अधिकृत, विषयगत शाखा प्रमुखहरु समेतको उपस्थिती रहेको थियो ।

Annex III

Sample of News Articles and social media posts

The digital shifts in the far western municipalities of Nepal is believed to bring 'revolutionary' change in the day to day business of the municipality by providing easy access to public services. The application provides an opportunity for the ward level and the municipality to be paperless. More specifically, the e-governance system will allow municipalities to be better managed with a dynamic database where the most important ward level and municipality level services like vital registration can be used online.

<https://www.danchurchaid.org/stories/digital-shifts-for-betterment>
<http://english.lokaantar.com/articles/digital-shifts-betterment/>

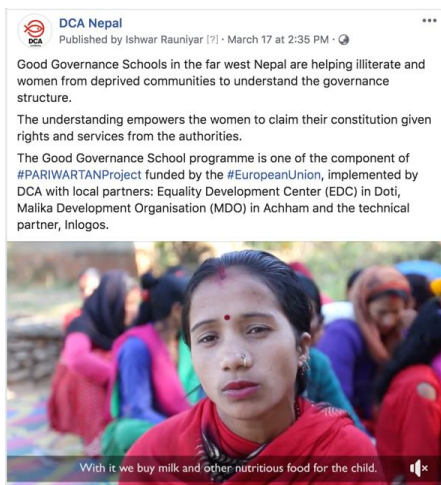
Good Governance Schools in the far west Nepal are helping illiterate and women from deprived communities to understand the governance structure. The understanding empowers the women to claim their constitution given rights and services from the authorities.

<https://www.facebook.com/DCAinNepal/videos/2621903734709965/>
<https://www.danchurchaid.org/articles/a-school-that-makes-people-change-their-own-lives>
<http://english.lokaantar.com/articles/teaching-governance/>

News in local online portals:

https://www.esudurkhabar.com/archives/112609?fbclid=IwAR1DyWRbRgBPA9V8vR-hHbbRCoOQnO263WS1XJZBfaRWb9_CGwpuHUwf9Oc

Social media post





DCA Nepal @DCA_Nepal · Mar 11

If citizens understand and are aware of the governance system, it provides them the agency to hold the government accountable and ensure their rights are given with due diligence. #PariwartaProject @EUinNepal #DCA #MDO #EDC #Inlogos

Teaching governance

Ishwar Rauniyar The slopes of Doti district in the far west Nepal are green. The wheat saplings are slowl...

english.lokaantar.com

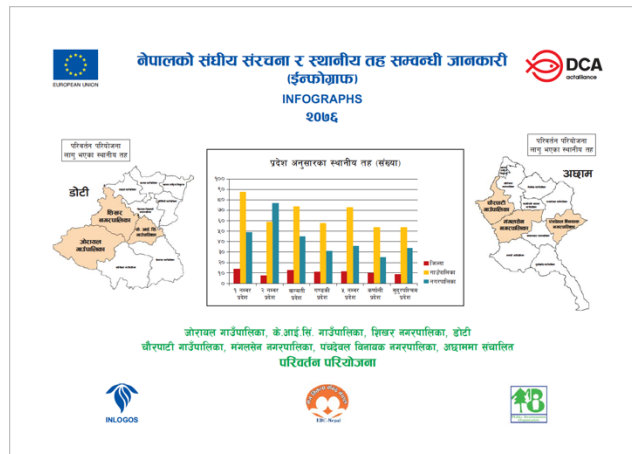


The screenshot shows the Facebook profile page for 'DCA Nepal' (@DCAinNepal). The page header includes the Facebook logo, the name 'DCA Nepal', a search bar, and the user profile picture of 'Ishwar'. Below the header, there are navigation tabs for 'Page', 'Inbox' (with 21 notifications), 'Notifications' (with 90 notifications), 'Insights', 'Publishing Tools', 'Ad Center', and 'More'. The main content area features a post with a text update and a photo. The text update discusses the importance of empowering local communities through education, mentioning the Malati Maskey GG School and the European Union-funded GG School programme. The photo shows a group of people, with a woman in the foreground smiling. Below the photo, the text 'ENGLISH.LOKAANTAR.COM' and 'Teaching governance' are visible, along with a partial description of the photo.

Annex III: IEC Materials Published



This is a cover-page of a notebook published under this project. This notebook also has all the project information in Nepali language. This was distributed to the local authorities, social mobilisers and project staffs, in a bid to reach to the larger population



Infographics: a handbook for the service seekers about the governance structure and duties of the government offices.

स्थानीय सरकार र नागरिक सहभागिता

"हामी स्थानीय शासन संघालेन प्रक्रियामा नागरिक सहभागिता बढि गयो"

गाउँ/नगरपालिका

- अध्यक्ष
- उप-अध्यक्ष
- बडा अध्यक्ष
- सभाले निर्वाचित गरेका महिला सदस्य ४ जना
- सभाले निर्वाचित गरेका दलित वा अल्पसंख्यक समुदायबाट सदस्य २ जना

नगर कार्यपालिका

- प्रमुख
- उप प्रमुख
- बडा अध्यक्ष
- सभाले निर्वाचित गरेका महिला सदस्य ५ जना
- सभाले निर्वाचित गरेका दलित वा अल्पसंख्यक समुदायबाट सदस्य ३ जना

नागरिक सहभागिता कहाँ ?

स्थानीय नीति तथा कानून निर्माणमा

योजना तर्जुमा, प्राथमिकीकरण र बजेट निर्माणमा

स्थानीय योजनाको अनुमन तथा मूल्यांकनमा

वडा समितिका मुख्य कार्यहरू

वडा समिति नठान

- वडा अध्यक्ष: १ जना
- वडा सदस्य: २ जना
- वडा सदस्य: २ जना महिला
- जम्मा: ५ जना

तय्याक अध्यक्षी तथा संरक्षण

सिफारिस तथा प्रमाणिकरण सम्बन्धी कार्य

सेवा प्रवाह सम्बन्धी नियमन कार्य

वडा समितिका कार्यहरूमा हाथी अर्घ्यपूर्ण सहभागिता आवश्यक छ

वडाभित्रको योजना तर्जुमा, कार्यान्वयन तथा अनुमन

विकास तथा निर्माण सम्बन्धी कार्य

Poster: This is an IEC material that was used during all community activities and also pasted in different government offices and distributed to people.

गाउँ/नगरपालिकाबाट नागरिकले देहायका सेवाहरू प्राप्त गर्न सक्नेछन् :

- आधारभूत र माध्यमिक शिक्षा, आधारभूत स्वास्थ्य, छात्रावधि, सरसफाई, बजार व्यवस्थापन र वातावरण संरक्षण सम्बन्धी
- स्थानीय पूर्वाधार, कृषि उत्पादन, बजार व्यवस्थापन, मत्स्य स्वास्थ्य, सहकारी सम्बन्धी
- विद्युत् व्यवस्थापन, वन जंगल संरक्षण र पर्यावरण सम्बन्धी
- बाल अधिकार संरक्षण, बालमैत्री स्थानीय शासन, सामाजिक सुरक्षा र व्यक्तिगत घटना दुर्घात सम्बन्धी
- सिफारिस वा प्रमाणिकरण सम्बन्धी (नाता प्रमाणित, नागरिकता तथा नागरिकता प्रतिलिपि लिनेका लागि सिफारिस, मोही लजत कडाको सिफारिस, नि:शुल्क वा सशुल्क स्वास्थ्य उपचारको सिफारिस, धारा तथा विद्युत जडानको सिफारिस लगायत व्यक्तित्व ३४ प्रकारका सिफारिस र प्रमाणिकरण सेवा सम्बन्धित वडा कार्यालयबाट प्राप्त हुने)
- नागरिक सहभागितामा तय्याक सकलन, व्यवस्थापन, योजना तर्जुमा, कार्यान्वयन, अनुमन र नियमन सम्बन्धी

स्थानीयस्तरमा भएका विकास निर्माण सम्बन्धी कार्यहरूका सम्बन्धमा केही नजान्ने वा सुनाउने भएमा हामीलाई जानकारी दिनु हुन अनुरोध गर्दछौं ।

मन्सलेन नगरपालिका, अष्टम वा सम्बन्धित वडा कार्यालयहरू

Sample of Hoarding Board: Hoarding boards are placed in different strategic locations where there's movement of more people including the municipal offices.